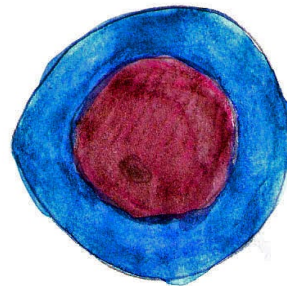


# CLL

Michael Hallek  
Universität zu Köln



# Disclosure

- Research support: Roche, Gilead, Mundipharma, Janssen, Celgene, Pharmacyclics, Abbvie
- Honoraria (speaker's bureau and/or advisory board): Roche, Gilead, Mundipharma, Janssen, Celgene, Pharmacyclics, Abbvie

# GCLLSG trial

(time of recruitment)

Early high risk CLL

CLL1

(1997-2004)

W&W

F

CLL7

(2005-2010)

W&W

FCR

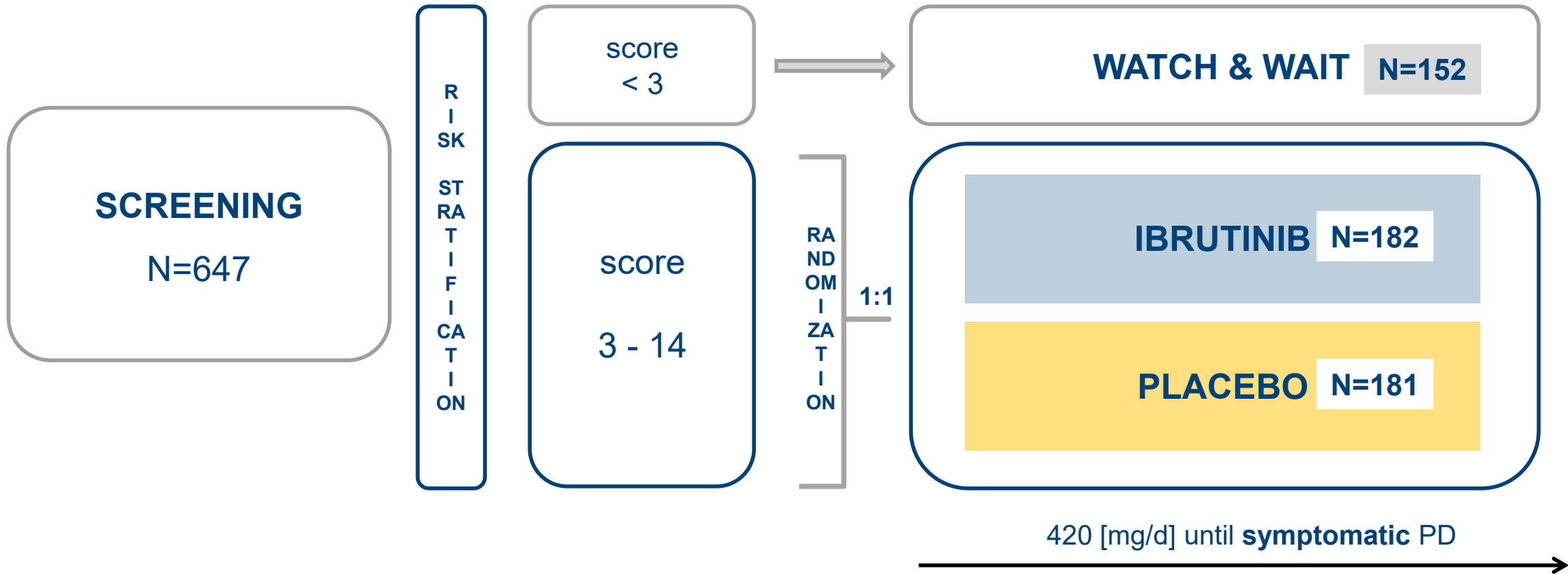
CLL12

(2014-2019)

W&W

Ibrutinib

# CLL 12 PROTOCOL



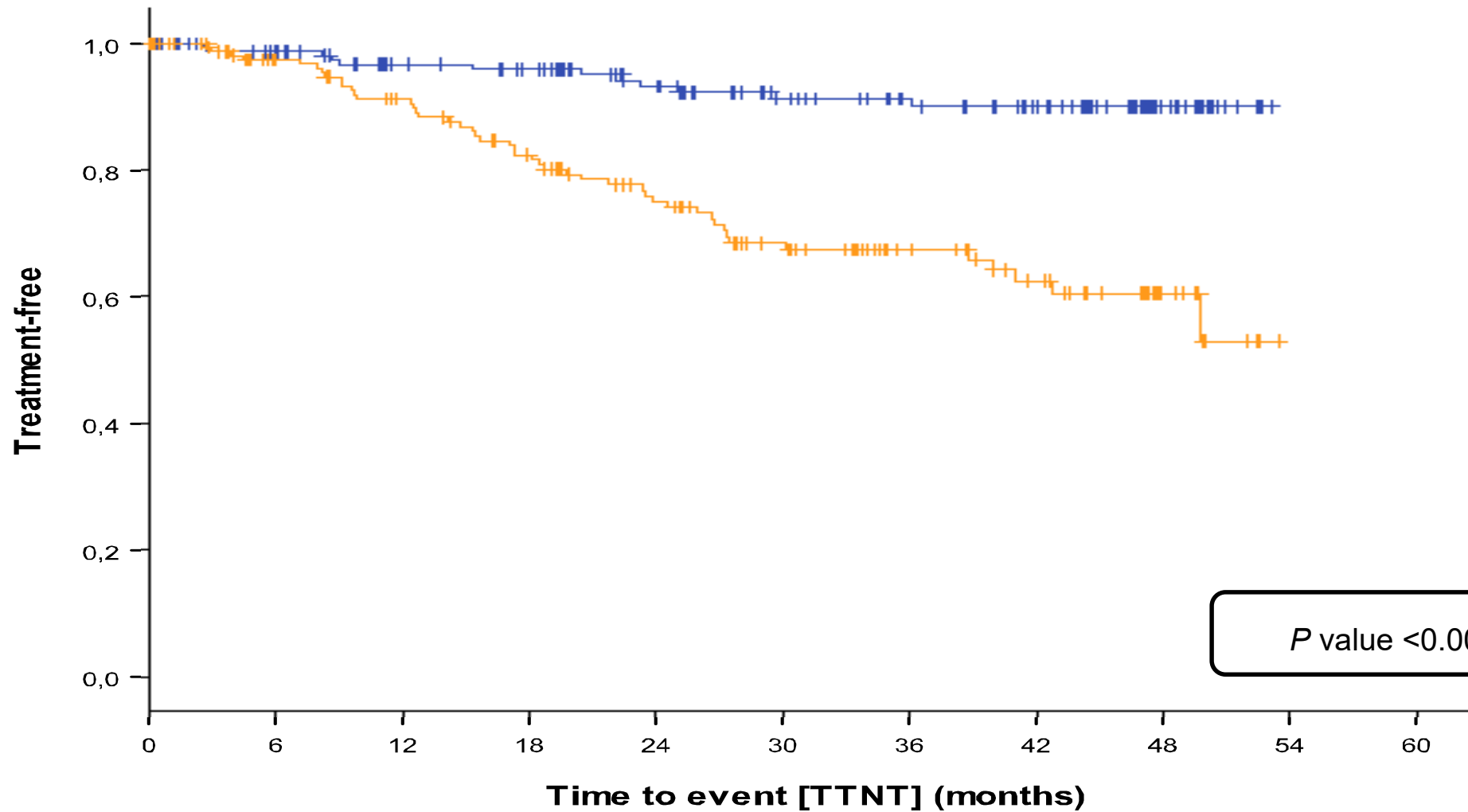
Langerbeins et al.

Date: Sunday, June 16, 11:30 - 11:45

Location: Hall 5

Final Abstract Code: LB2602

# TIME TO NEXT TREATMENT



*P* value < 0.0001, HR 0.205

# GCLLSG trial

(time of recruitment)

## Unfit or older patients

### CLL5

(1999-2004)

CLB

F

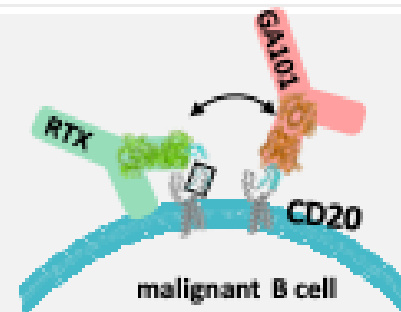
### CLL11

(2010-2012)

CLB

CLB+R

CLB+G

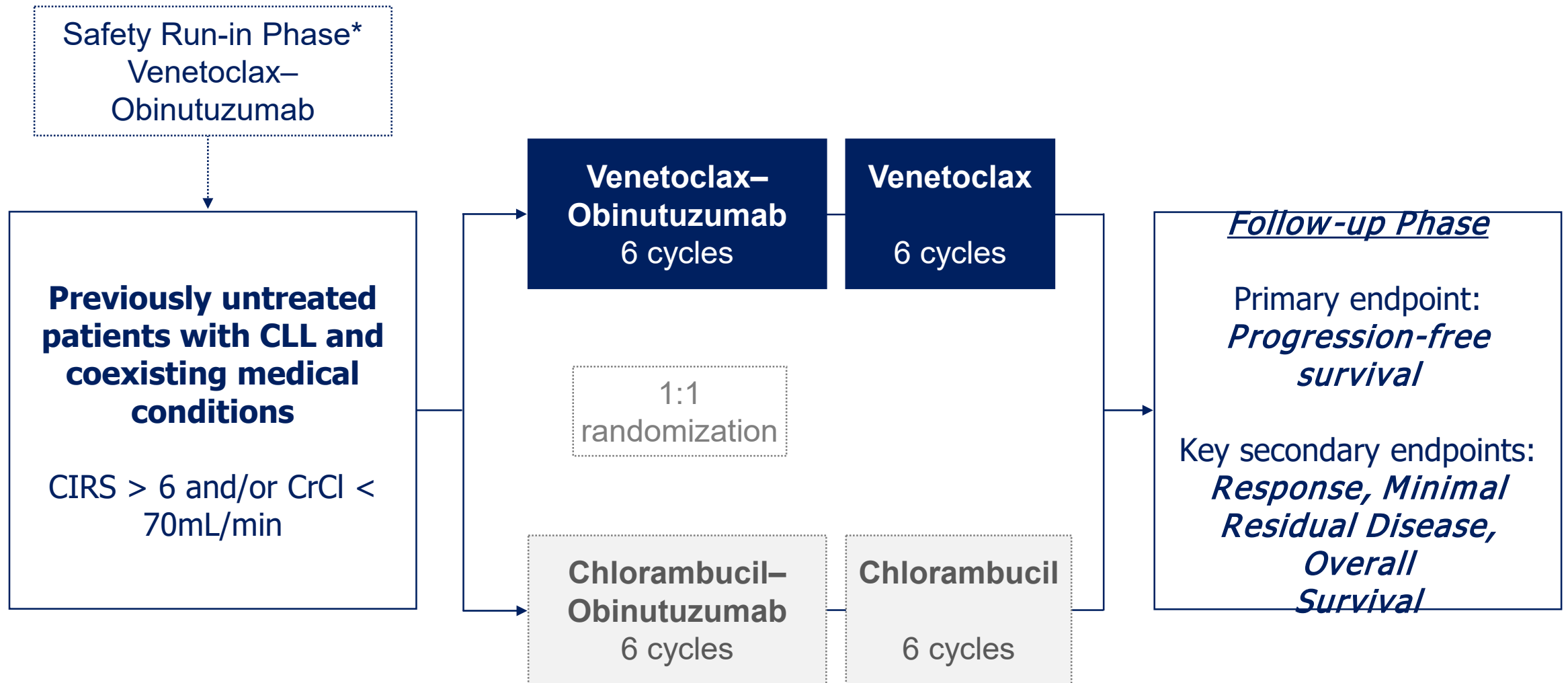


ORIGINAL ARTICLE

# Venetoclax and Obinutuzumab in Patients with CLL and Coexisting Conditions

K. Fischer, O. Al-Sawaf, J. Bahlo, A.-M. Fink, M. Tandon, M. Dixon, S. Robrecht, S. Warburton, K. Humphrey, O. Samoylova, A.M. Liberati, J. Pinilla-Ibarz, S. Opat, L. Sivcheva, K. Le Dû, L.M. Fogliatto, C.U. Niemann, R. Weinkove, S. Robinson, T.J. Kipps, S. Boettcher, E. Tausch, R. Humerickhouse, B. Eichhorst, C.-M. Wendtner, A.W. Langerak, K.-A. Kreuzer, M. Ritgen, V. Goede, S. Stilgenbauer, M. Mobasher, and M. Hallek

# Trial Design

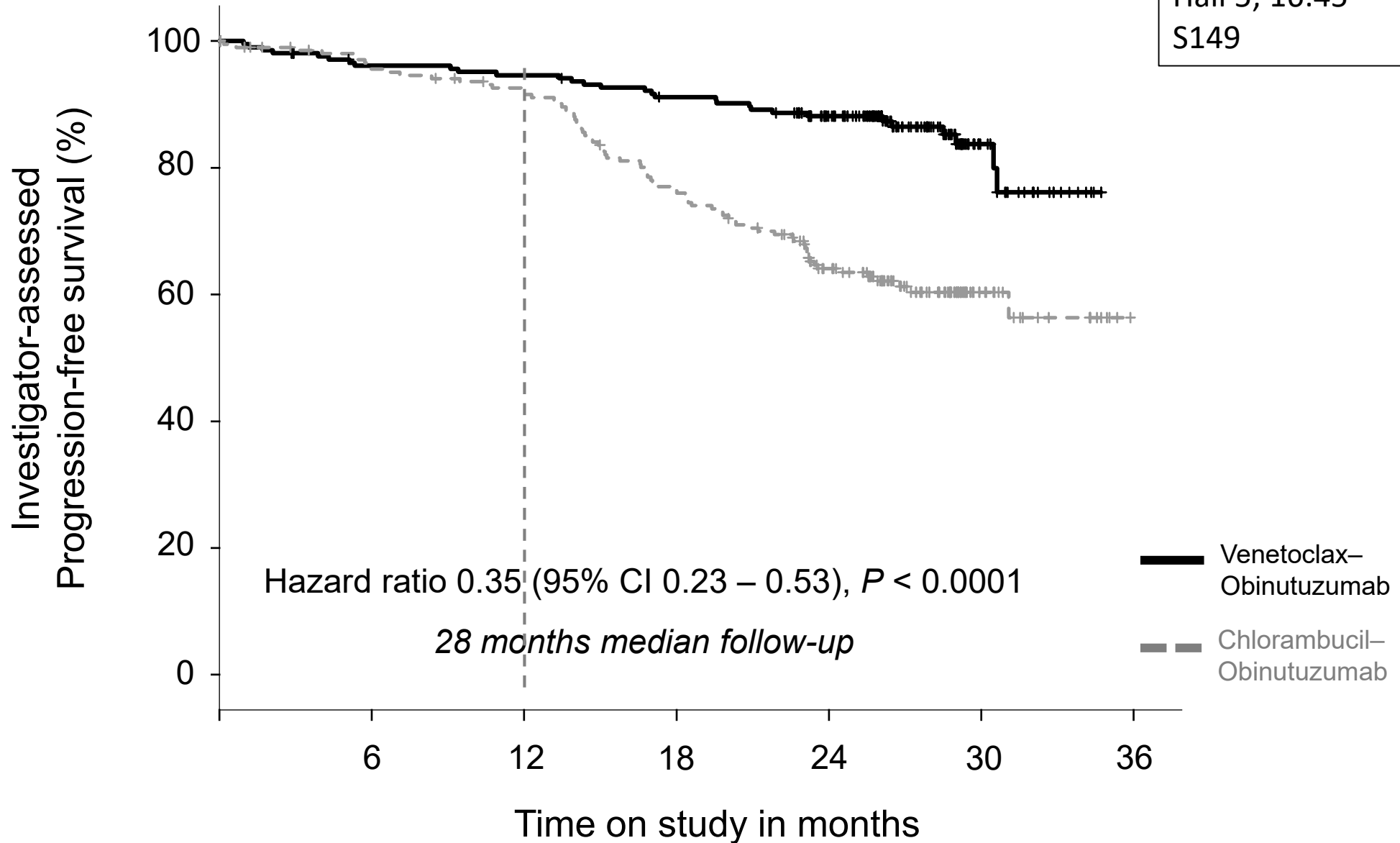


\* Fischer K et al. Venetoclax and Obinutuzumab in chronic lymphocytic leukemia, Blood 11 May 2017



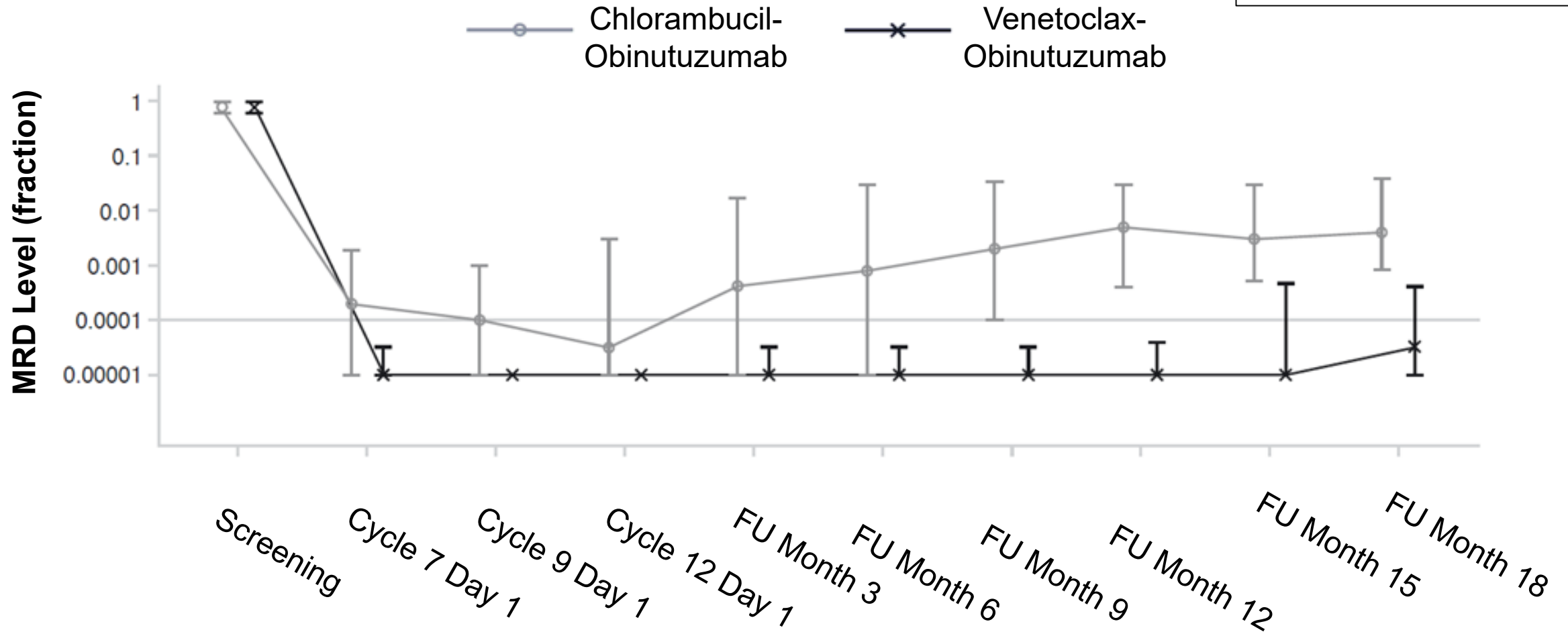
# PROGRESSION-FREE SURVIVAL

Fischer et al.  
Presidential Symposium  
Hall 5; 16:45  
S149



# MRD LEVELS OVER TIME

Fischer et al.  
Presidential Symposium  
Hall 5; 16:45  
S149



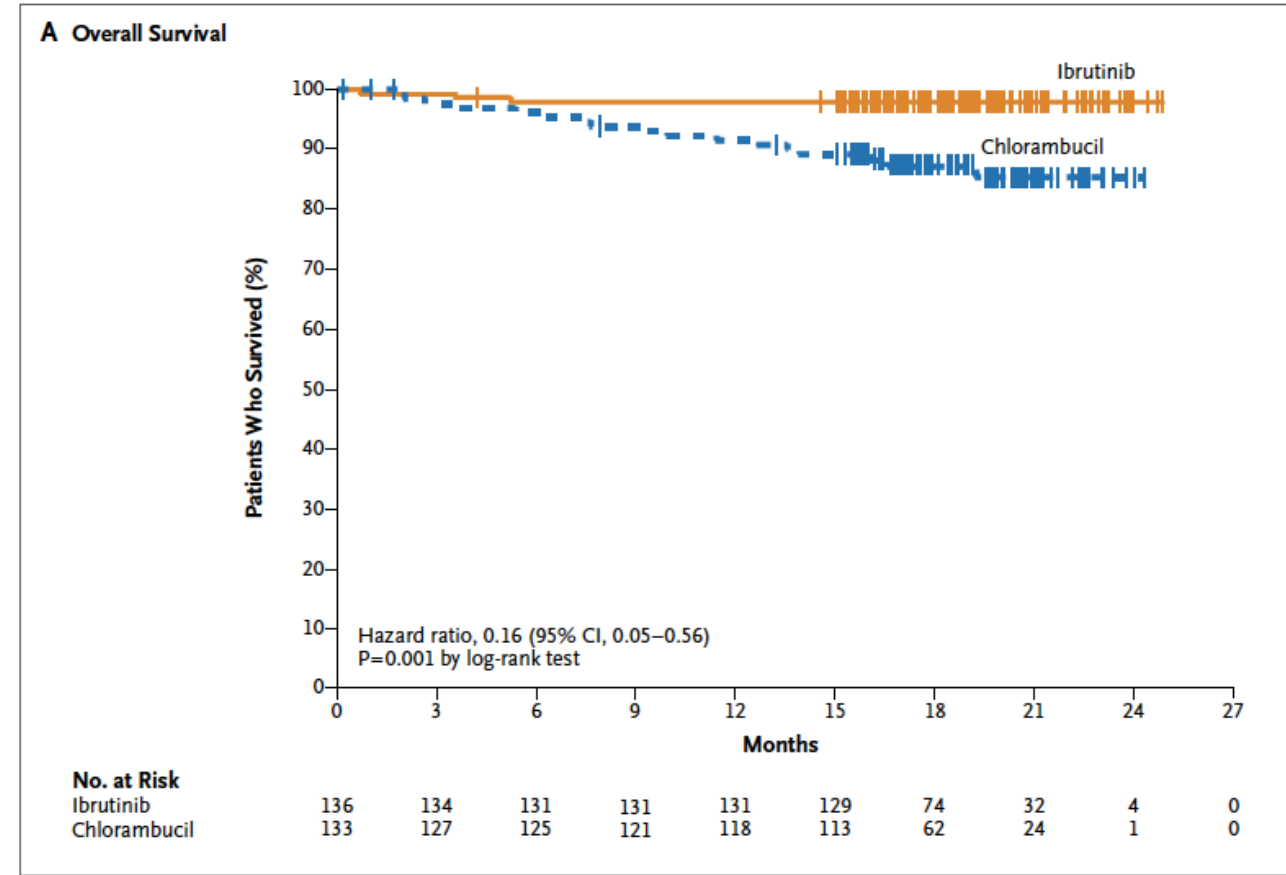
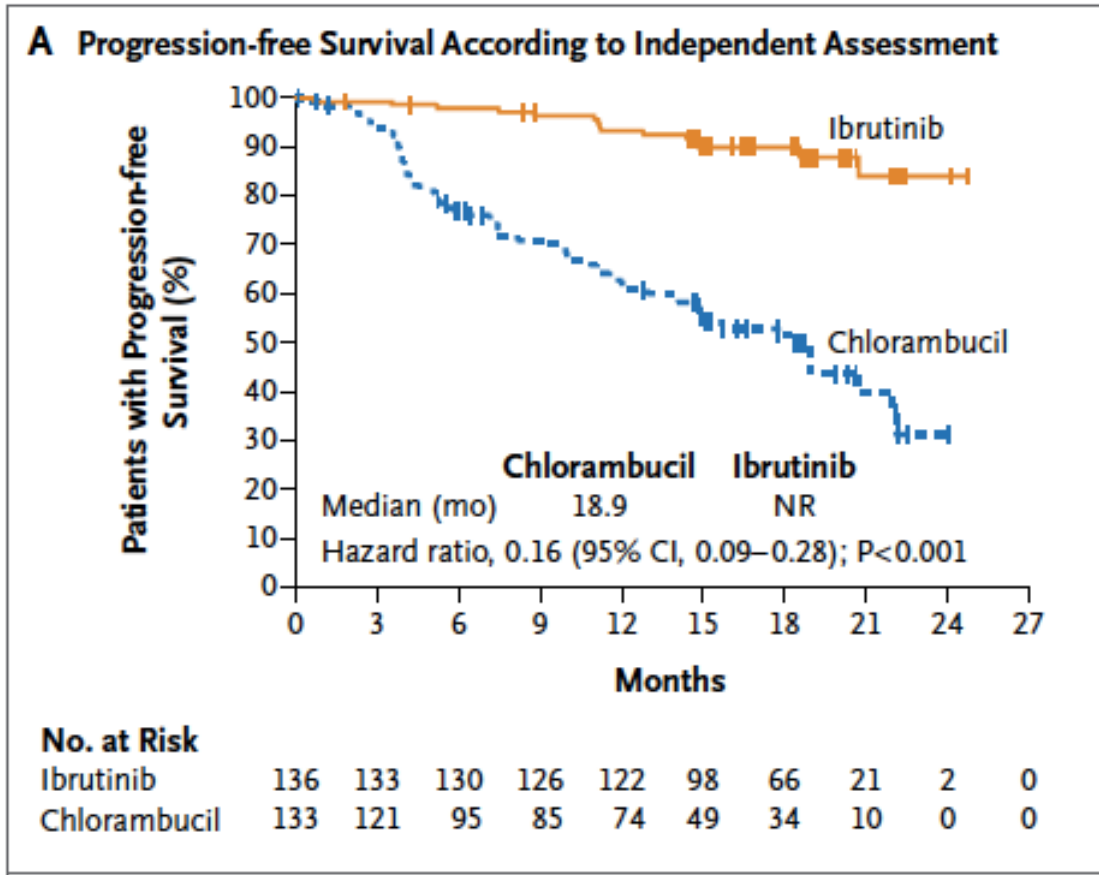
By ASO-PCR in peripheral blood

# MRD NEGATIVITY BY NGS

	Venetoclax- Obinutuzumab	Chlorambucil- Obinutuzumab
Number of patients, N	216	216
Minimal residual disease level		
< 10 <sup>-6</sup>	42 %	7 %
≥ 10 <sup>-6</sup> and <10 <sup>-5</sup>	26 %	13 %
≥ 10 <sup>-5</sup> and <10 <sup>-4</sup>	11 %	14 %
≥ 10 <sup>-4</sup> and <10 <sup>-2</sup>	6 %	23 %
≥ 10 <sup>-2</sup>	5 %	29 %
No sample / not evaluable	12 %	14 %

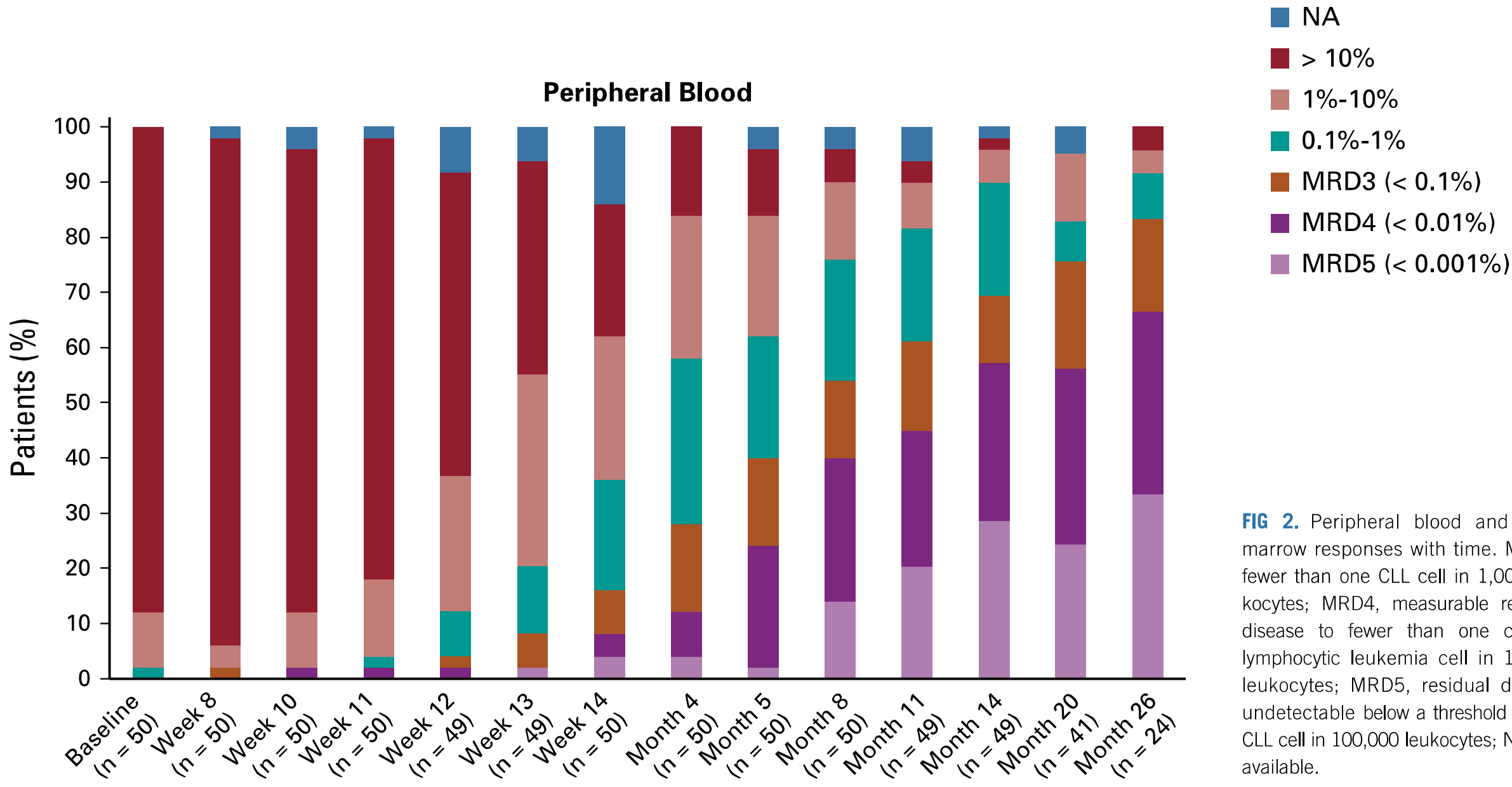
By NGS in peripheral blood 3 months after completion of treatment

# Resonate-2 Trial: Ibrutinib vs. Chlorambucil



# Ibrutinib Plus Venetoclax in Relapsed/Refractory Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia: The CLARITY Study

**Peter Hillmen, MBChB, PhD<sup>1,2</sup>; Andy C. Rawstron, PhD<sup>2</sup>; Kristian Brock, MSc<sup>3</sup>; Samuel Muñoz-Vicente, MSc<sup>3</sup>; Francesca J. Yates, PhD<sup>3</sup>; Rebecca Bishop<sup>3</sup>; Rebecca Boucher, MSc<sup>3</sup>; Donald MacDonald, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Christopher Fegan, MD<sup>5,6</sup>; Alison McCaig, PhD<sup>7</sup>; Anna Schuh, MD, PhD<sup>8</sup>; Andrew Pettitt, MA, MB BChir, PhD<sup>9</sup>; John G. Gribben, MD, DSc<sup>10</sup>; Piers E.M. Patten, MBChB, PhD<sup>11,15</sup>; Stephen Devereux, PhD<sup>11</sup>; Adrian Bloor, MA, MB BChir, PhD<sup>12</sup>; Christopher P. Fox, MBChB, PhD<sup>13</sup>; Francesco Forconi, MD, DM, PhD<sup>14,16</sup>; and Talha Munir, MBBS<sup>2</sup>**



**FIG 2.** Peripheral blood and bone marrow responses with time. MRD3, fewer than one CLL cell in 1,000 leukocytes; MRD4, measurable residual disease to fewer than one chronic lymphocytic leukemia cell in 10,000 leukocytes; MRD5, residual disease undetectable below a threshold of one CLL cell in 100,000 leukocytes; NA, not available.

# *The* NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL *of* MEDICINE

ESTABLISHED IN 1812

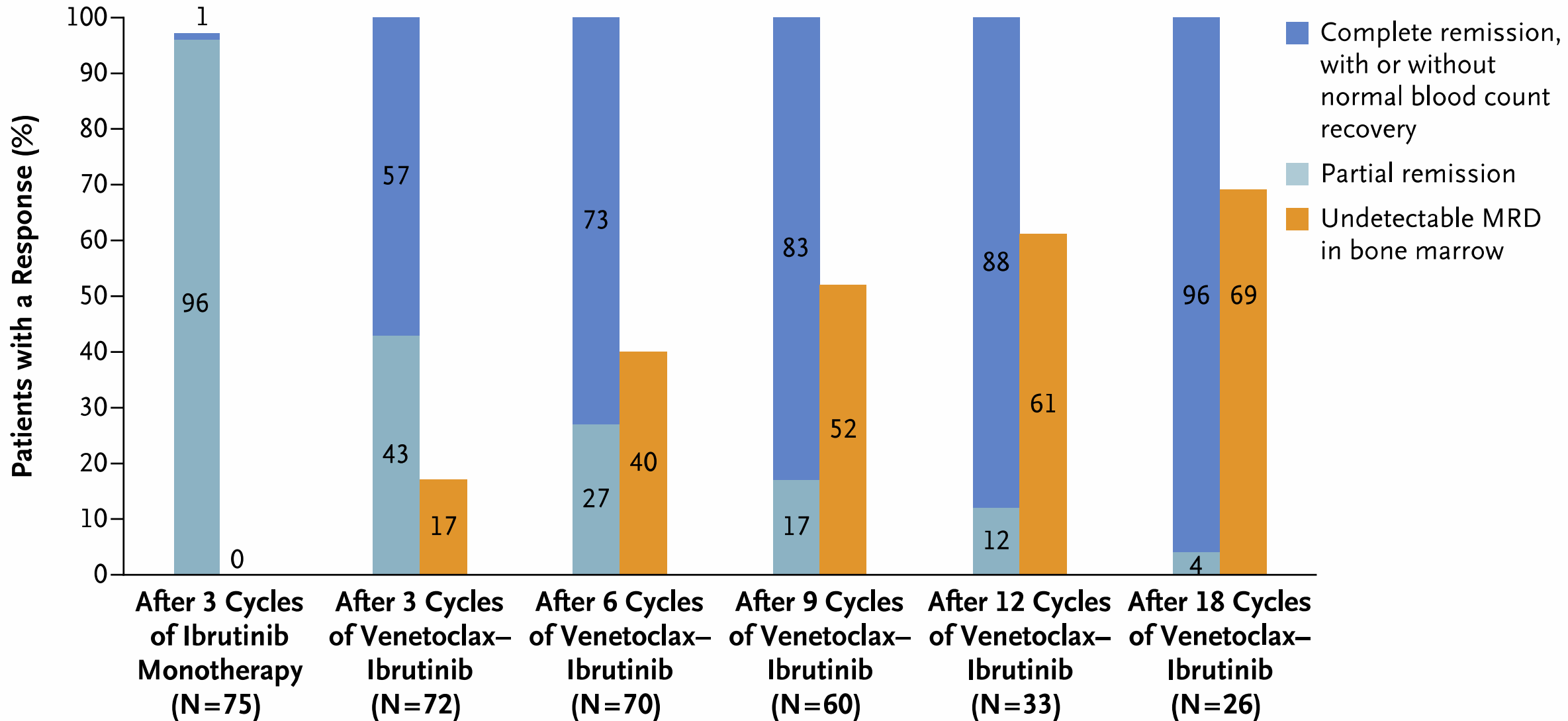
MAY 30, 2019

VOL. 380 NO. 22

## Ibrutinib and Venetoclax for First-Line Treatment of CLL

Nitin Jain, M.D., Michael Keating, M.D., Philip Thompson, M.D., Alessandra Ferrajoli, M.D., Jan Burger, M.D., Ph.D., Gautam Borthakur, M.D., Koichi Takahashi, M.D., Zeev Estrov, M.D., Nathan Fowler, M.D., Tapan Kadia, M.D., Marina Konopleva, M.D., Ph.D., Yesid Alvarado, M.D., Musa Yilmaz, M.D., Courtney DiNardo, M.D., Prithviraj Bose, M.D., Maro Ohanian, D.O., Naveen Pemmaraju, M.D., Elias Jabbour, M.D., Koji Sasaki, M.D., Rashmi Kanagal-Shamanna, M.D., Keyur Patel, M.D., Ph.D., Jeffrey Jorgensen, M.D., Ph.D., Naveen Garg, M.D., Xuemei Wang, M.S., Katrina Sondermann, B.A., Nichole Cruz, R.N., Chongjuan Wei, Ph.D., Ana Ayala, R.N., William Plunkett, Ph.D., Hagop Kantarjian, M.D., Varsha Gandhi, Ph.D., and William Wierda, M.D., Ph.D.

## B Response to Treatment over Time





# Comparison of MRD results of 4 recent trials using venetoclax combinations in CLL

First Author	Journal Year	Name of Trial	Therapeutic intervention	MRD, PB $10^{-4}$		Time point of MRD assessment	
				ITT-based			
				N/N	%		
<b>Fischer</b>	NEJM 2019	CLL14	Venetoclax + Obinutuzumab	1L	165/216	<b>76</b>	@15 months
<b>Cramer</b>	Lancet Oncol 2018	CLL2-BAG	(Benda)→	1L	31/34	<b>91</b>	@15 months
			Venetoclax + Obinutuzumab	RR	24/29	<b>83</b>	@15 months
<b>Jain</b>	NEJM 2019	CAPTIVATE	Ibrutinib + Venetoclax	1L	29/80	<b>36</b>	@12 months
<b>Hillmen</b>	JCO 2019	CLARTIY	Ibrutinib + Venetoclax	RR	28/53	<b>53</b>	@14 months

# CLL first line treatment (updated June 2019)

Stage	del(17p) or p53mut	Fitness	IGVH	Therapy
Binet A-B, Rai 0-II, inactive disease	Irrelevant	Irrelevant	Irrelevant	None
Active disease or Binet C or Rai III-IV	Yes	Irrelevant	Irrelevant	Ibrutinib or <b>Venetoclax + Obinutuzumab</b> or Idelalisib + Rituximab (if contraindications for ibrutinib)*
	No	Go go	M	FCR (BR above 65 years) or ibrutinib*
			U	Ibrutinib or FCR (BR above 65 years)*
		Slow go	M	<b>Venetoclax + Obinutuzumab</b> or Chlorambucil + Obinutuzumab or Ibrutinib*
			U	<b>Venetoclax + Obinutuzumab</b> or Ibrutinib or Chlorambucil + Obinutuzumab*

\* Consider and discuss with patient: long-term vs fixed (6-12 m) duration therapy, lack of convincing evidence of overall survival differences, specific side effects of each therapeutic option (myelosuppression, infections, secondary malignancies for CIT; cardiac toxicity, bleeding and autoimmune disease for Ibru; TLS and infections for Ven-Obi; autoimmune disease (diarrhea) and opportunistic infections for Idelalisib).